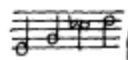


Holst — The Planets

Timpani



167

13

10 *p cresc.* 2 *p* 1 *pp cresc.* *tr*

f

188

rall.

7 *a tempo.*

ff

197

Symphony No. 1 in C Minor, Op. 68

TYMPANI

in C, G

Un poco sostenuto

Un poco sostenuto

f *pp* *cresc.* *f* *sf*

Viol. I

Allegro

464 

471 

LEONARD BERNSTEIN

Overture to "Candide"

TRECHO I

Allegro molto con brio $\text{♩} = 152$

F, Bb, Eb, Ab

hard sticks

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ff

gliss. Eb gliss. D 4

10 4 W.W. 8

20 (Opt. 8va bassa) Ab 8 30 Xylo. 9

40 D to C 2 Str.

TRECHO II

Exposed

50

sim. 50

60 5 2 6

70 10 80 5 2 90

Peter Ilyich Tchaikovsky
Symphony No. 4 in F Minor, Op. 36

Pauken

Allegro con anima



SACRE DU PRINTEMPS

STRAVINSKI

109 *f* *ff*

110

111

112 *2* *bacch. di Tamb. (wood)* *p* *3*

113

114 *bacch. di Timp.* *poco sf* *poco sf* *sim.*

115

116 *molto allarg.* *117 a tempo*

Detailed description: This image shows a page of a musical score for 'Sacre du printemps' by Igor Stravinsky. The score is written in bass clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat). It consists of six staves of music. Measures 109 through 117 are visible. Measure 109 starts with a forte (*f*) dynamic and a fortissimo (*ff*) dynamic. Measure 111 has a red arrow pointing to it from the right. Measure 112 has a red arrow pointing to it from the left, and it includes a wood drum part marked *bacch. di Tamb. (wood)* with a piano (*p*) dynamic. Measure 114 is marked *bacch. di Timp.* and includes dynamics *poco sf*, *poco sf*, and *sim.*. Measure 117 has a red arrow pointing to it from the left and is marked *a tempo*. The tempo changes from *molto allarg.* (measure 116) to *a tempo* (measure 117). Red arrows are drawn on the page to highlight measures 109, 111, 112, and 117.

EIGHT PIECES

for Four Timpani
(one player)

to Al Howard

I. Saëta

Elliott Carter

(N) *ad lib. (accel.)* $\text{♩} = 150$
 $\text{♩} = 50$ (in tempo) *tr*
mf *sf* *p* *pp*

evenly and resonantly
 (N) $\text{♩} = 10$
 (C) *p*

(N) *ad lib. (accel.)* $\text{♩} = 50$ *molto rit.* *in tempo*
mf *sf* *molto* *p* (C)

(N) →
 (C) →

(N) →
 (C) →

emphasize A and D more and more *mf* *mf* *f* *f*
 (N) →
 (C) → (p) (p)

(N) → $\text{♩} = 60$
f marc. *mf*
 5